

Year 6 Medium Term Plan

Year 6 Medium Term Planning Autumn 1	Year 6 Medium Term Planning Autumn 2
<p>Place value and rounding off</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To read, write, order and compare numbers at least to 10,000,000 and determine the value of each digit. ● To round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy. ● To solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above. 	<p>Written methods for multiplication and division</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the efficient written method of long multiplication. ● To divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using efficient written methods of long division and interpret remainders as whole numbers, remainders, fractions or by rounding as appropriate in the context.
<p>Mental and written addition and subtraction of large numbers</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers. ● To solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. 	<p>Comparing, ordering and simplifying fractions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To compare and order fractions, including fractions >1. ● To use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination.
<p>Multiples, factors and prime numbers</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers. ● To identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers. ● To solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division. 	<p>Multiplying decimals by 10, 100 and 1000</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To identify the value of each digit to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100, 1000 where the answers are up to three decimal places. ● To solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy.
<p>Written methods for multiplication and division: HTU \times TU and HTU \times U</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the efficient written method of long multiplication. ● To divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the efficient written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions or by rounding, as appropriate for the context. ● To solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division. ● To use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy. 	<p>Order of operations</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers. ● To use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations. ● To solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. ● To solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division. ● To use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy.
<p>Circles and angles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference. ● To recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles. 	<p>2D and 3D shapes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To draw 2D shapes using given dimensions and angles. ● To compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes and find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals and regular polygons. ● To recognise, describe and build simple 3D shapes, including making nets.
<p>Units of measure</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation to three decimal places where appropriate. ● To use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa using decimal notation to three decimal places. ● To convert between miles and kilometres. 	<p>Pie charts</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems.

Year 6 Medium Term Planning Spring 1	Year 6 Medium Term Planning Spring 2
<p>Negative numbers, and solving problems involving numbers</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To read, write, order and compare numbers at least to 10,000,000 and determine the value of each digit. ● To round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy. ● To use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero. ● To solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above. 	<p>Calculating with large numbers</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the efficient written method of long multiplication. ● To divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the efficient written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context. ● To perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers. ● To use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations. ● To solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division
<p>Mental and written addition and subtraction of decimals and money</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers. ● To solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. ● To use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy. 	<p>Multiplying and dividing decimals</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers. ● To use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places. ● To solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy.
<p>Mental and written multiplication and division</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To perform mental calculations, including with mixed operation and large numbers. ● To identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers (Children could practise using mental methods that involve using factors, for example.) ● To use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations. ● To use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy. 	<p>Percentages, decimals and fractions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To solve problems involving the calculation of percentages of whole numbers or measures and the use of percentages for comparison. ● To recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including different contexts.
<p>Calculating with fractions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To add and subtract fractions with different denominators, using the concept of equivalent fractions. ● To associate a fraction with division to calculate decimal fraction equivalents (0.375) for a simple fraction (3/8). ● To multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form ($1/4 \div 1/2 = 1/8$). ● To divide proper fractions by whole numbers ($1/3 \div 2 = 1/6$). 	<p>Simple formulae</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To express missing number problems algebraically. ● To use simple formulae expressed in words. ● To find pairs of numbers that satisfy number sentences involving two unknowns. ● To enumerate all possibilities of combinations of two variables.
<p>Reflections and translations on coordinate axes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To describe positions on the full co-ordinate grid (all four quadrants). ● To draw and translate simple shapes on the co-ordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes. 	<p>Area and volume</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation to three decimal places, where appropriate. ● To use read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit and vice versa, using decimal notation to three decimal places. ● To calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles. ● To recognise when it is necessary to use the formulae for area and volume of shapes
<p>Perimeter, area and volume</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To recognise that shapes with the same area can have different perimeters and vice versa. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles. ● To recognise when it is necessary to use the formulae for area and volume of shapes. ● To calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including centimetre cubed (cm³) and cubic metres (m³) and extending to other units such as mm³ and km³. 	<p>Line graphs</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems.

Year 6 Medium Term Planning Summer 1	Year 6 Medium Term Planning Summer 2
<p>Problems involving number</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10,000,000 and determine the value of each digit. ● To round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy. ● To use negative numbers in context and calculate intervals across zero. ● To solve number problems and practical problems that involve all the above 	<p>Solving problems involving money</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the efficient written method of long multiplication. ● To divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the efficient written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context. ● To perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers. ● To use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations. ● To solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. ● To solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division. ● To use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy.
<p>Adding and subtracting large and small numbers</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers. ● To solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations to use and why. ● To use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy. 	<p>Number puzzles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To express missing number problems algebraically. ● To use simple formulae expressed in words. ● To generate and describe linear number sequences. ● To find pairs of numbers that satisfy number sentences involving two unknowns. ● To enumerate all possibilities of combinations of two variables.
<p>Long multiplication and division</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the efficient written methods of long multiplication. ● To divide numbers up to 4 digits by two digit whole numbers using the efficient written method of long division and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions or by rounding, as appropriate for the context. ● To use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy. 	<p>Fractions with different denominators</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form ($1/4 \div 1/2 = 1/8$). ● To use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination. ● To add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers using the concept of equivalent fractions.
<p>Working with fractions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions. ● To multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form. ● To divide proper fractions by whole numbers. 	<p>Problems involving percentages and decimals</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To solve problems involving the calculation of percentages of whole numbers or measures such as 15% of 360 and the use of percentages for comparison. ● To recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts.
<p>Problems involving percentages, fractions and decimals</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To solve problems involving the calculation of percentages of whole numbers or measures and the use of percentages for comparison. ● To recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages including in different contexts. 	<p>Problems involving measures</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation to three decimal places where appropriate. ● To use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a large unit and vice versa, using decimal notation to three decimal places.
<p>Ratio and proportion</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To solve problems involving the relative size of two quantities where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication and division facts. ● To solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples. ● To solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found. 	<p>Using data</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● To interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems. ● To calculate and interpret the mean as an average.